### § 22.154

permit premises, may be lawfully possessed by the former permittee for the exclusive purpose of disposing of the alcohol, for a period of 60 days following the date of revocation. Any taxfree or recovered alcohol not disposed of within the specified 60-day period, is subject to seizure and forfeiture.

#### § 22.154 Disposition on permanent discontinuance of use.

(a) Tax-free alcohol. Tax-free alcohol on hand at the time of discontinuance of use, may be disposed of by (1) returning the spirits to a distilled spirits plant, as provided in §22.151, (2) destruction, as provided in §22.142, or (3) shipping to another permittee, in accordance with §22.155.

(b) Recovered tax-free alcohol. Upon permanent discontinuance of use, a permittee may dispose of recovered tax-free alcohol by (1) shipment to a distilled spirits plant, as provided in §22.133, (2) destruction, as provided in §22.142, or (3) upon the filing of an application with the appropriate ATF officer, any other approved method.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0335)

# § 22.155 Emergency disposition to another permittee.

(a) In the case of an emergency, a permittee may, upon the filing of a notice with the area supervisor, dispose of tax-free alcohol to another permittee, when the quantity involved does not exceed 10 proof gallons. In the case of a medical emergency or disaster, the area supervisor is authorized to verbally approve, with the required notice to follow, disposals of tax-free alcohol to another permittee or Government agency in excess of 10 proof gallons. The tax-free alcohol disposed of shall be in original unopened containers. The consignor shall prepare a record of shipment in the same manner prescribed in §22.134.

(b) The notice required by this section shall (1) explain the nature of the emergency, (2) identify the consignee by name, address and permit number, and (3) list the quantity of alcohol and package identification number of the container(s) involved.

(c) The consignor permittee may not receive remuneration for tax-free alco-

hol given to another permittee in case of an emergency, as authorized by this section

(Notice approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0335; recordkeeping approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0334)

## Subpart M—Records of Transactions

### § 22.161 Records.

(a) General. All persons qualified under this part shall keep accurate records of all receipts, shipments, usage, destructions and claims pertaining to the withdrawal and use of tax-free alcohol. These records shall be in sufficient detail to enable the permittee to reconcile any losses or gains for the semi-annual inventory, and to enable appropriate ATF officers to verify all transactions and to ascertain whether there has been compliance with law and regulations. All records required by this section shall identify tax-free alcohol by proof, date of transaction, and quantity involved, and shall include alcohol received from the General Services Administration and the recovery of alcohol and its disposition. Records shall be kept current at all times.

(b) Records of receipt and shipment. Records of receipt and shipment shall consist of the consignor's or consignee's (as the case may be) invoice, bill or bill of lading, or another document used for the intended purpose. Records of receipt shall record only the quantity of tax-free alcohol actually received. Losses in transit shall not be considered as received, but may be the subject of a claim for allowances of losses, as prescribed in Subpart I of this part.

(c) Records of usage. For the purpose of this subpart, tax-free or recovered alcohol shall be considered as "used" when permanently removed from a permittee's supply storeroom, compartment, or tank for any authorized use. Records of usage shall identify the tax-free alcohol by quantity, proof, and purpose of removal (office, department or location to which dispensed). This record shall list separately, the usage